



EDMOND PUBLIC SCHOOLS
Empowering all students to succeed in a changing society



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Edmond, Oklahoma
27 December 2011 thru 04 January 2012
ALL-CITY BAND

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ADMINISTRATIVE
STAFF

EDMOND PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Dr. David Goin, Superintendent
Mr. Jason Brown, Associate Superintendent
Dr. Linda DeSpain, Associate Superintendent
Mr. Bret Towne, Associate Superintendent

EDMOND MEMORIAL HIGH SCHOOL

Dr. Debbie Bendick, Principal
Ms. Carrie Higdon, Assistant Principal
Mr. Jason Hayes, Assistant Principal
Mr. Justin Coffelt, Assistant Principal
Ms. Emily Kern, Assistant Principal

EDMOND NORTH HIGH SCHOOL

Mr. Jason Pittenger, Principal
Ms. Rachel Stark, Assistant Principal
Mr. Mack Mitchell, Assistant Principal
Ms. Teresa Wilkerson, Assistant Principal

SANTA FE HIGH SCHOOL

Mr. Earl Kirkpatrick, Principal
Mr. Joel Heath, Assistant Principal
Mrs. Catherine Johnston, Assistant Principal
Mr. David Chandler, Assistant Principal
Mrs. Suzie Shumate, Assistant Principal

**ROME / LONDON
INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC STAFF**

Michael R. Lowery
Rebecca G. Coleman
Andrew J. Heitz
Tara M. Heitz

PARTICIPANT

INTRODUCTION

This schedule has been carefully prepared to assure that the EDMOND ALL-CITY BAND will represent the Edmond Public Schools and the entire city of Edmond in the finest possible manner. Foremost consideration has been to provide a pleasant yet educational trip for all concerned. Your strict adherence to the schedule and observance of the few regulations will make these objectives a certainty.

GENERAL INFORMATION

GROUND TRANSPORTATION: We will be traveling to and returning from DFW on three TIME LINE coaches

AIR TRANSPORTATION: We will be traveling on BRITISH AIRWAYS and AMERICAN AIRLINES

LODGING: We will be staying at the:
ROME:
The Hotel Capannelle
Via Siderno, 37
00178 roma
Telephone: +39 06 710600

LONDON
The Tower Hotel
St. Katherine's Way
London E1W 1LD
Telephone: 0870 333 9106

WHAT YOU HAVE PAID FOR: (indicated with *** throughout handbook)

- 1) Air Transportation
- 2) Lodging (Seven nights)
- 3) Meals 7 Breakfasts
 7 Dinners
- 4) Travel Insurance
- 5) Admission and transportation
 The Colosseum
 The Colosseum 3D Rewind Experience
 Castel Gandolfo
 Frascati
 Vatican City Museum
 The Sistine Chapel
 St. Peter's Basilica
 London Tour
 Windsor Castle
 The Tower of London
 New Years Eve Party
- 6) Rome Walking Tours (2) mp3
- 7) London Walking Tours (4) mp3
- 8) Rome and London Festival Photos

TAKE EXTRA MONEY FOR: Lunches (6) \$ _____
 Incidentals you might need \$ _____
 Souvenirs, shopping, refreshments,etc \$ _____

TOTAL \$ _____

RULES & REGULATIONS

We do not feel it is necessary to prepare a large list of rules and regulations for you to follow since you are aware of what we expect.

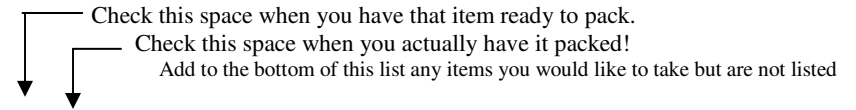
We know you will follow the rules of good judgment and **NEVER DO** anything in poor taste or bring discredit to yourself, your parents, your organization, your school, your directors, or your city.

It is understood that the following **RULES & REGULATIONS** will be observed and if in doubt about anything not specifically mentioned, please consult your director.



1. **Schedule** - Observe in every detail !
2. **Mixed Company** - Not permitted in your room **at any time !**
3. **Alcoholic Beverages / Intoxicants / Tobacco** - In any form ... will not be tolerated !!
4. **Chaperones** - You must abide by their decisions. If in doubt, consult with Mr. Lowery, Mr. Heitz, Mrs. Heitz, or Mrs. Coleman
5. **Stereos** - Equipped with earphones or headsets are very much encouraged !! At no time are you to subject your music on anyone other than yourself !!!
6. **Room Check** - When specified on the schedule, it means you are to be in your room. You are not to leave your room for ANY REASON!! You are preparing to sleep !!
7. **Lights Out** - Will be observed by all !! At this time **NO ONE** is to have any lights on. You will need your rest for a rewarding performance and relaxed sight-seeing and travel. Television usage and telephone conversations will have **CEASED** by "lights out" time !
8. **Room Service** - Expensive, not necessary, and highly discouraged !! If you suffer from nocturnal hunger pains, stock up on 'goodies' prior to room check time (i.e. **Plan Ahead !**)
9. **Room Care** - Please keep your room neat at all times !!! Always lock your luggage when leaving your room. Do not leave cameras, radios, or other valuables in room. Always double check to see your door is locked. The doors do not always lock automatically when closed.
10. **Check-In** - Upon arrival at hotel:
 - 1) Unload luggage and instruments and place in 'storage' room.
 - 2) Mr. Lowery will check-in and get room keys (cards)
 - 3) Mr. Lowery meets with chaperones and distributes key cards.
 - 4) Chaperones meet with assigned students and presents key cards.
 - 5) Everyone should, upon entering your room for the first time, check thoroughly for any previous damages. If there appears something for which you could possibly be held responsible, notify your chaperone or Mr. Lowery immediately !
11. **Check-Out** - Procedure:
 - 1) Return room to an orderly manner
 - 2) Take luggage and personal items to the bus
 - 3) Return key cards to your chaperone
 - 4) Chaperone inspects room.
 - 5) Chaperone returns students' room key(s) to Mr. Lowery (who will be in the hotel lobby).

CHECK LIST



- () () **PASSPORT:** DON'T PACK, but have available with easy access
- () () **LUGGAGE:** One (1) suitcase and one (1) carry on per individual !
- () () **UNIFORM ACCESSORIES**
 1) Jacket 2) Black Trousers 3) Black Socks
 4) Black shoes 5) Hat 6) Gloves
 7) warm under-goodies
- () () **INSTRUMENT(S):**
- () () **FLIP FOLDER MUSIC:**
- () () **PHONE NUMBERS AND FULL INFORMATION:**
 left with your parents!
- () () **CASUAL CLOTHING:** Suitable for travel. . .includes blue jeans, etc.
 THINK warm & comfy School dress code is in effect !
- () () **TOILET ARTICLES:**
- () () **MEDICATION:** If you are taking a medical prescription, submit parental explanation/permission in writing to Mr. Lowery prior to departure !
- () () **MONEY:** \$_____ Meals \$_____ Refreshments \$_____ Etc.
- () () **CAMERA:**
- () () **I-POD PLAYER**
- () () **RAINCOAT - UMBRELLA** - Probably a good idea to take one...never can tell about the weather
- () () _____
- () () _____

(Mark all items! Tag your luggage and personal instrument case!)

ROMAN EMPERORS

- 31 BC – 14 AD Augustus
“There went out a decree from Caesar Augustus.....”
- 14 – 37 Tiberius
- 37 – 41 Gaius (Caligula)
- 41 – 54 Claudius
- 54 – 68 Nero
Artist, musician, architect....
- 68 – 69 Galba
 C. Nymphidius Sabinus
- 69 Otho
- 69 Vitellius
- 69 – 79 Vespasian
- 79 – 81 Titus
- 81 – 96 Domitia
- 89 L. Antonius Saturninus
- 96 – 98 Nerva
- 98 – 117 Trajan
High point of Roman rule on three continents
- 117 – 138 Hadrian
122 had wall built across Britain (ruins remain today)
- 138 – 161 Antoninus Pius
- 161 – 180 Marcus Aurelius
*Movie Caesar who befriended Maximus (Russell Crowe)
 “The Gladiator”*
- 175 Avidius Cassius
- 180 – 192 Commodus
“The Gladiator”’s sworn enemy
- Et al.....

TRIP ITINERARY

TUESDAY

(27 December 2011)

10:00 a.m. LOAD BUSES at Santa Fe High School
 1901 SW 15th
 Edmond, OK 73013
 Ph: 405 . 715 . 7273

10:30 a.m. DEPARTURE DFW Airport
 2:30 p.m. ARRIVAL DFW Airport

GROUP ONE : BRITISH AIRWAYS 192

4:50 p.m. DEPARTURE B A 192 for London Heathrow
 7:30 a.m. ARRIVAL London Heathrow

10:40 p.m. DEPARTURE B A 554 for Fiumicino (Rome)
 2:05 p.m. ARRIVAL Fiumicino Airport

GROUP TWO & THREE : AMERICAN AIRLINES 36

5:50 p.m. DEPARTURE A A 36 for Madrid, Spain
 10:00 a.m. ARRIVAL Madrid, Spain

11:50 a.m. DEPARTURE IBERIA AIRLINES 3608 for Fiumicino (Rome)
 2:10 p.m. ARRIVAL Fiumicino Airport

WEDNESDAY

(28 December 2011)

2:05 p.m. ARRIVAL B A Flight 554 Rome Fiumicino
 2:10 p.m. ARRIVAL IBERIA Flight 3608 Rome Fiumicino

T B A Transfer to hotel
 T B A ARRIVAL **THE HOTEL CAPANNELLE**
 Via Siderno, 37
 00178 Roma
 Phone +39 06 710600

T B A Orientation Meeting The Hotel Capannelle

5:30 p.m. Depart for Central Rome
 Begin 1st mp3 audio tour “When in Rome” which will introduce
 you to several of the ‘must see’ sights of the City.

7:30 p.m. DINNER *** Da Benito Restaurant

9:30 p.m. Return to hotel
 11:00 p.m. ROOM CHECK Be in your OWN room!
 11:30 p.m. LIGHTS OUT !

THURSDAY

(29 December 2011)

7:30 a.m. BREAKFAST *** The Hotel Capannelle***
8:50 a.m. Load coaches
9:00 a.m. Depart for Guided tour of THE COLOSSEUM and COLOSSEUM 3D REWIND***
12:30 p.m. Tour ends back at hotel

1:00 p.m. Arrive at hotel
Change into uniforms for performance
1:30 p.m. Depart for Piazza del Popolo

..... LUNCH *** at your leisure
3:00 p.m. "ROME PEOPLES STREET SHOW" Piazza del Popolo
5:00 p.m. Return to hotel
7:00 p.m. Depart for DINNER Da Meo Patacca Restaurant***
9:30 p.m. "Rome by Night" panoramic tour
10:00 p.m. Return to hotel

11:00 p.m. ROOM CHECK Be in your OWN room
11:30 p.m. LIGHTS OUT !

FRIDAY

(30 December 2011)

7:00 a.m. BREAKFAST *** The Hotel Capannelle
8:20 a.m. Load coaches
8:30 a.m. Depart for VATICAN CITY
Entrance to Vatican City Museum, the Sistine Chapel and St. Peter's Basilica
12:30 p.m. Load coaches
..... Depart for Frascati
1:30 p.m. Arrive in Frascati
1:45 p.m. Lunch in local restaurant***
3:15 p.m. Assemble for the street show
3:30 p.m. THE FRASCATI STREET SHOW

5:00 p.m. free time to discover more of Frascati on your own
6:00 p.m. Depart Frascati and travel by coach back to hotel/central Rome
7:30 p.m. Dinner The Hotel Capannelle

11:00 p.m. ROOM CHECK Be in your OWN room
11:30 p.m. LIGHTS OUT !

SATURDAY

(31 December 2011)

7:30 a.m. BREAKFAST *** The Hotel Campannelle

..... **GROUP ONE : BRITISH AIRWAYS 549**
8:00 a.m. Load all luggage onto the coaches
8:30 a.m. Departure to Fiumicino Airport
9:30 a.m. Check-in for BA 549
11:55 a.m. Departure BA 549 for London Heathrow
1:40 p.m. Arrival London Heathrow Airport
..... Transfer and check-in to The Tower Hotel
Afternoon at leisure for independent sightseeing and shopping
Walking Tour of area (*Look Right, then Left*)
Familiarize yourself with the Underground (Tube)
7:00 p.m. DINNER Bridge Suite—Tower Hotel

..... **GROUP TWO : ALITALIA AIRWAYS 208**
8:30 a.m. Load all luggage onto the coaches
9:00 a.m. Depart for Central Rome for independent sightseeing and shopping.
12:30 p.m. LUNCH Piazza Navona
2:00 p.m. Departure for Fiumicino Airport
3:00 p.m. Check-in for AZ 208
5:20 p.m. Departure AZ 208 for London Heathrow
7:10 p.m. Arrival London Heathrow Airport
..... Transfer and check-in to The Tower Hotel

..... **GROUP THREE : ALITALIA AIRWAYS 206**
8:30 a.m. Load all luggage onto the coaches
9:00 a.m. Depart for Central Rome for independent sightseeing and shopping.
12:30 p.m. LUNCH Piazza Navona
5:00 p.m. Departure for Fiumicino Airport
6:00 p.m. Check-in for AZ 206
7:55 p.m. Departure AZ 206 for London Heathrow
9:45 p.m. Arrival London Heathrow Airport
..... Transfer and check-in to The Tower Hotel

8:30 p.m. **NEW YEAR'S EVE PARTY** The Tower Suite—The Tower Hotel

12:30 a.m. ROOM CHECK Be in your OWN room!
12:45 a.m. LIGHTS OUT !

SUNDAY

(01 January 2012)

7:00 a.m. BREAKFAST*** The Carvery Restaurant—The Tower Hotel

t.b.a. a.m. Departure Band Only
t.b.a. a.m. Official Group Photograph

12:00 NOON THE NEW YEAR'S DAY PARADE

5:00 p.m. Dinner at Leisure (Use Vouchers)
..... Evening at your leisure

11:30 p.m. ROOM CHECK Be in your OWN room!
12:00 a.m. LIGHTS OUT !

MONDAY

(02 January 2012)

7:00 a.m. BREAKFAST*** The Tower Hotel
8:20 a.m. Load coaches
8:30 a.m. **LONDON TOUR*****
1:00 p.m. **WINDSOR HALF DAY TOUR*****
..... **LUNCH at your leisure**
1:45 p.m. Admission to the famous Royal Castle
5:00 p.m. Departure for London
6:00 p.m. Return to hotel
7:00 p.m. DINNER*** The Carvery Restaurant—The Tower Hotel
..... Evening at your leisure
11:30 p.m. ROOM CHECK Be in your OWN room! The Tower Hotel
12:00 a.m. LIGHTS OUT !

TUESDAY

(03 January 2012)

..... *Mind the Gap!*

TODAY is FREE for independent (with your chaperone) sight-seeing and shopping. Plan your routes ahead of time with the consensus of the group in order to cover the most with the least amount of hassle. Be planning during your Monday 'London Tour' and make notes of places and locations you may want to visit.

Evening also at your leisure ----- be sure to take some time to be prepared for early departure Wednesday. Have your packing completed this evening. Don't wait !

WEDNESDAY

(04 January 2012)

6:00 a.m. BREAKFAST *** The Tower Hotel

GROUP ONE: BRITISH AIRWAYS 193

6:15 a.m. Load luggage & equipment
6:45 a.m. DEPART Hotel for Heathrow
10:50 a.m. BA 193 Departs for DFW Airport
2:45 p.m. Arrival DFW Airport
3:15 p.m. Meet Time Line coach for transport to Edmond, OK
6:45 p.m. Arrival SFHS and Edmond, America

GROUP TWO & THREE: AMERICAN AIRLINES 047

8:30 a.m. Load luggage & equipment
9:00 a.m. DEPART Hotel for Heathrow
1:15 p.m. FLIGHT DEPARTURE American Airlines 047 for Chicago O'Hare
4:05 p.m. Arrive Houston
8:50 p.m. Depart American Airlines 2357 for DFW
11:20 p.m. Arrival DFW
11:45 p.m. Meet Time Line coaches for transport to Edmond, OK
3:00 a.m. Arrival SFHS and Edmond, America

PARLIAMENT & BIG BEN

Although the Houses of Parliament look old, they were constructed between 1840 and 1860. Almost all of the old palace was burned down in 1834. All that survived of the medieval buildings were Westminster Hall, the cloister, the undercroft of St. Stephen's Chapel, and the Jewel Tower. The existing Houses of Parliament are basically a series of chambers, lobbies, and offices running parallel to the Thames. The Government meets and passes laws here.

The building is 940 feet long, covers eight acres, and includes 1,100 apartments and over two miles of passages. The north end of the clock tower houses Big Ben and is attached to the Houses of Parliament. Big Ben actually refers to the large bell that sounds on the hour which first rang out in 1859. It stands 316 feet above the Thames and is as huge as its name suggests. The minute hands are 14 feet long and the hour hands are 9 feet long. Each of its four faces is 23 feet in diameter. The bells together weigh more than 21 tons, and their chimes are famous throughout the world. While Parliament is in session, the Union Jack flies from the Victoria Tower by day, and by night, a light shines from the Clock Tower.



London, the capital of both England and Great Britain, has a fascinating history which began before the height of the Roman Empire, 2000 years ago. Around 500 BC, the Celts, a group of farmers and warriors, left Central Europe and settled throughout Britain. The Celts built a fortress about 45 miles from where the River Thames (pronounced Tehmz) joins the North Sea. They called this fortress "Lyndin", which means "waterside fortress". The Romans arrived around 55 to 43 BC and called the name of the fortress Londinium. There are many historical sites and buildings that still stand today after hundreds of years to help tell and preserve this history.

To quote Thomas More, "go where we may, rest where we will, Eternal London haunts us still."

BRITISH MONARCHS

from 1066, with dates of accession and death

THE HOUSE OF NORMANDY

WILLIAM I
1066 – 87

WILLIAM II
1087 – 1100

HENRY I
1100 – 35

STEPHEN
1135 – 54

THE HOUSE OF PLANTAGENet

HENRY II
1154 – 89

RICHARD I
1189 – 99

JOHN
1199 – 1216

HENRY III
1216 – 72

EDWARD I
1272 – 1307

EDWARD II
1307 – 27

EDWARD III
1327 – 77

RICHARD II
1377 – 99

THE HOUSE OF LANCASTER

HENRY IV
1399 – 1413

HENRY V
1413 – 22

HENRY VI
1422 – 61

THE HOUSE OF YORK

EDWARD IV
1461 – 83

EDWARD V
1483 – 83

RICHARD III
1483 – 85

THE HOUSE OF TUDOR

HENRY VII
1485 – 1509

HENRY VIII
1509 – 47

EDWARD VI
1547 – 53

MARY I
1553 – 58

ELIZABETH I
1558 – 1603

THE HOUSE OF STUART

JAMES I
(VI OF Scotland)
1603 – 25

CHARLES I
1625 – 49

Commonwealth declared
1649

Restoration of the Monarchy
1660

CHARLES II
1660 – 85

JAMES II
(VII of Scotland)
1685 – 88

Interregnum
11 December 1688 –
12 February 1689

WILLIAM III
1689 – 1702
and

MARY II
1689 – 94

ANNE
1702 – 14



THE HOUSE OF HANOVER

GEORGE I
1714 – 27

GEORGE II
1727 – 60

GEORGE III
1760 – 1820

(Regency 1811-20)

GEORGE IV
1820 – 30

WILLIAM IV
1830 – 37

VICTORIA
1837 – 1901

THE HOUSE OF SAXE-COBURG AND GOTHA

EDWARD VII
1901 – 1910

THE HOUSE OF WINDSOR

GEORGE V
1910 – 36

EDWARD VIII
1936

GEORGE VI
1936 – 1952

ELIZABETH II
Acceded 1952

Seen for the first time, Windsor Castle is an unforgettable sight; its imposing towers and battlements creating one of the world's most spectacular skylines."

WINDSOR CASTLE

Nine Centuries after its foundation, the Castle continues to perform its prime role as one of the official residences of The Queen.

THE STATE APARTMENTS

The State Apartments are the formal rooms used for Court ceremonial, State, and official occasions. They range from the smaller, intimate rooms of Charles II's apartments to the vast area of the Waterloo Chamber, built to commemorate the famous victory over Napoleon in 1815. The rooms are furnished with some of the most important works of art from the Royal Collection including masterpieces by Rembrandt, Rubens, Holbein and van Dyck as well as magnificent French and English furniture and porcelain.

ST. GEORGES CHAPEL

St. George's Chapel, situated within the precincts of the Castle, is the resting place of ten sovereigns. Founded by King Edward IV in 1475, and completed in 1528 by King Henry VIII, the chapel is dedicated to the patron saint of the Most Noble Order of The Garter, Britain's highest Order of Chivalry, and ranks among the finest examples of late medieval architecture.

On Garter Day, each June, the Queen and the Knights of the Garter process from the Upper Ward to St. George's Chapel.

QUEEN MARY'S DOLLS' HOUSE

Queen Mary's Doll's House was created in the 1920s by Sir Edwin Lutyens for Queen Mary, consort of King George V. Built on a scale of 1:12, the palladian country house took three years to complete and involved skills of more than a thousand artists and craftsmen. Every item is perfectly manufactured to scale and each room is furnished exquisitely. The hundreds of books in the library include many specially written by authors of the day Rudyard Kipling, G.K. Chesterton, Sir Arthur Conan Doyle, Thomas Hardy, and J.M. Barrie are among those represented. Each volume is leather bound, tooled in gold and bears a miniature version of Queen Mary's bookplate with her monogram and crown. Each tiny painting which hangs on the wall was executed by a great contemporary artist. The drawer in one of the cabinets contains real drawings and watercolors of artists. There is a nursery, of course full of miniature toys, and motor-cars and a bicycle. Two working elevators are able to stop at each floor and all five bathrooms have running water. The gramophone plays and the bottles in the wine cellar contain actual vintage wines.

Restoration of the areas of the Castle damaged in the fire of 1992 is complete.

The Gallery, originally designed as the principal entrance hall to the State Apartments, shows themed exhibitions – particularly drawings and watercolors from the Royal Collection, one of the finest art collections in the world, and items from the Royal Photograph Collection.

The China Museum consist of cases round the walls displaying magnificent china services from leading English and European porcelain manufacturers. These china settings are still used for royal banquets and other important occasions.

BUCKINGHAM PALACE

Buckingham Palace, formerly known as Buckingham House, was built in 1703, but did not become a royal palace until 1761, when George II bought it from the Duke of Buckingham. It stands on Church land seized by the Crown when the monasteries were dissolved in the 16th century by Thomas Cromwell under the orders of Henry VIII. King George IV had it altered and remodeled in 1825, and also changed its name to Buckingham Palace. It was not used much as a home, however, until Queen Victoria came to the throne in 1837.

The east wing, the side the public sees, was added in 1847, and the whole east facade was redesigned in 1913. According to some opinions, these alterations and additions ruined the exterior of the Palace. The front door is no longer visible, the open courtyard is no longer there, and the Marble Arch was moved to its present site at the northeast corner of Hyde Park. Prince Albert, husband of Queen Victoria, is blamed for many of the defacing alterations.

Buckingham Palace is the official home of the British monarchy. If the Queen is in residence, the royal Ensign flies from the palace roof. Tourists gather in front of its walls at 11:30 a.m. each day during the summer months to watch the Changing of the Guard by the Brigade of Guards. During the ceremony, a band plays while soldiers march stiffly to the palace gates. In the summer, the soldiers wear red jackets and bearskin hats. The winter uniform is plain khaki. The Changing of the Guard takes place every day in the summer and every other day in the winter.

Buckingham Palace has over 600 rooms with 350 full-time workers and about 150 part-time workers. The palace interior is not open to the public. The Royal Family live in the north wing.

There continues to be talk of dismantling or diminishing the importance of the Palace, but perhaps, like the superstition behind the ravens in the Tower of London, to do so would endanger the entire institution of British monarchy.

**CHANGING OF THE GUARD will take place at 11:30 a.m.
(arrive before 11:15) on Monday, 2 January.**

THE TOWER OF LONDON

The Tower of London probably was begun during the reign of Julius Caesar. The Tower of London, as we know it today, was begun in 1078 by William the Conqueror. It took him 20 years to complete the portion known as “The White Tower”. The walls were built mainly of rubble – pieces of stone set in cement. When finished, the walls of this tower were white-washed, thus giving it its name – The White Tower. Except for St. John’s Chapel, little is left today of the original building.

A hundred years after William the Conqueror, Richard the Lionhearted built a line of walls and towers around the White Tower. King Henry II built a new palace between the White Tower and the river Thames. Then, during the reign of King Edward I, (son of Henry III) in 1275, a second line of walls was built and surrounded with a large moat. King Edward I’s tower was called Beauchamp Tower. It took hundreds of men six years to dig the moat.

The Waterloo Barracks, which housed 1,000 men, were built in the 19th Century when the Duke of Wellington was Constable of the Tower. When King Henry III was given three leopards by the German Emperor, a polar bear by the King of Norway, and an elephant by the King of France, the palace at the Tower began its own zoo – it was open until 1834.

By 1377, when 10-year-old Richard II became King, the Tower of London had expanded behind the double stone walls and the moat. It seemed completely safe. But on June 14, 1381, a group of overtaxed farmers, lead by Wat Tyler, stormed the Tower. Richard and his brothers were safely hidden. However, the Archbishop of Canterbury, the Royal Treasurer, a tax official, and a doctor were taken beyond the walls to Tower Hill and were beheaded. Later, Richard made peace with the farmers, but Wat Tyler was beheaded for leading the revolt.

In 1483, thirteen-year-old Edward V and his younger brother, the Duke of York, were taken to the Tower of London after their father, Edward IV, died. Richard, Duke of Gloucester, Edward V’s uncle, plotted to take the throne himself. Lord Hastings, as a royal official, tried to protect the two boys, but his head was chopped off on the Tower Green. Edward and his brother were murdered, probably in the Garden Tower, which was later called the Bloody Tower. The murder of these two boys still remains a mystery. It took hundreds of years to find their bones, and even with modern science, it couldn’t be determined for certain if the bones belonged to the two princes. They are now buried in Westminster Abbey.

Since the Tower of London was a dangerous place, one king hired personal bodyguards. The King was Henry VII, who moved in the Tower in 1485, after killing Richard III in a battle. His protectors were the Yeoman Warders, sometimes called Beefeaters – perhaps because of the extra beef they received to keep them strong. To this day, Yeoman Warders, in their traditional red and black uniforms guard the Tower.

The Tower became a prison for the important people during the reign of the Tudors and Stuarts. The forms of torture used at the Tower were the rack, the “Scavenger’s Daughter”, and manacles. The rack painfully stretched the prisoner’s joints, the “Scavenger’s Daughter” squeezed the prisoner tighter and tighter, and the manacles were iron bands used to hang a prisoner by his wrists. There was a dungeon with rats. Also, prisoners were squeezed into tiny cells as punishment – Little Ease being the most famous.

King Henry VIII, who ascended to the throne in 1509, was the last King to spend much time at the Tower, although the Tower remained the site of celebrations. One such event was the marriage of King Henry VIII to Anne Boleyn, his second wife. The marriage took place on May 19, 1533. Three years later, on the exact same date, Anne Boleyn lost her head on the Tower Green. Her crime was producing a daughter instead of a son for Henry VIII. Her daughter became Queen Elizabeth I. When she was 19, Elizabeth I was imprisoned in the Tower by her half-sister, Queen Mary. She was released after two months, on May 19, 1554 – the anniversary of her mother’s marriage and death.

FLIGHT # 1 and BUS # 1

27 DEC
British Airways Flight 192
Departs Dallas-Ft. Worth @ 4:50 p.m.
Arrives London Heathrow @ 7:30 a.m. (Dec 28)
28 DEC
British Airways Flight 554
Departs London Heathrow @ 10:40 a.m.
Arrives Fiumicino (Rome) @ 2:05 p.m.

31 DEC
British Airways Flight 549
Departs Fiumicino (Rome) @ 11:55 a.m.
Arrives London Heathrow @ 1:40 p.m.

04 JAN
British Airways Flight 193
Departs London Heathrow @ 10:50 a.m.
Arrives DFW @ 2:45 p.m.

- 1 Aldridge, Ian
- 2 Ancik, Jenny
- 3 Ancik, Steve
- 4 Baker, Rebecca
- 5 Barnum, Charlene
- 6 Barnum, Rachele
- 7 Barnum, Royce
- 8 Barrett, Alice
- 9 Butler, Walletha
- 10 Coleman, Raquel
- 11 Coleman, Rebecca
- 12 Coleman, Ronnie
- 13 Coleman, Royce
- 14 Courtney, Aaron
- 15 Courtney, Rebecca
- 16 Demuth, Kellie
- 17 Demuth, Paden
- 18 Demuth, Pali
- 19 Demuth, Tom
- 20 Drakes, Erica
- 21 Jackson, Chris
- 22 Jackson, Diane
- 23 Jackson, Geena
- 24 Kelley, Billie
- 25 Kelley, Carol
- 26 Lane, Carrie
- 27 Lockard, Ailene
- 28 Lockard, Kenneth
- 29 Mogilka, Henry
- 30 Mogilka, Kelley
- 31 Mogilka, Monique
- 32 Mogilka, Susan
- 33 Nolen, Andrea
- 34 Nolen, Grant
- 35 Pecoraro, Elizabeth
- 36 Pecoraro, Gerald
- 37 Pecoraro, Janet
- 38 Pickett, Veronica
- 39 Ren, Jenny
- 40 Riggs, Sara
- 41 Shipman, Keith
- 42 Shipman, Rogene
- 43 Suppiah, Raj
- 44 Tripplett, Micaiah
- 45 Wiltz, Ashley

FLIGHT # 2 and BUS # 2

27 DEC
American Airlines Flight 36
Departs Dallas-Ft. Worth @ 5:50 p.m.
Arrives Madrid, Spain @ 10:00 a.m. (Dec 28)
28 DEC
Iberia Airlines Flight 3608
Departs Madrid @ 11:50 a.m.
Arrives Fiumicino (Rome) @ 2:10 p.m.

31 DEC
Alitalia Airlines Flight 208
Departs Fiumicino @ 5:20 p.m.
Arrives London Heathrow @ 7:10 p.m.

04 JAN
American Airlines Flight 47
Departs London Heathrow @ 1:15 p.m.
Arrives Chicago O’Hare @ 4:05 p.m.

American Airlines Flight 2357
Departs Chicago O’Hare @ 8:50 p.m.
Arrives DFW @ 11:20 p.m.

- 1 Lowery, Mike
- 2 Acuna Brookelyn
- 3 Acuna, Allison
- 4 Acuna, Fernando
- 5 Acuna, Michelle
- 6 Austin, Kelley
- 7 Austin, Taylor
- 8 Bingham, Rebecca
- 9 Casey, Melissa
- 10 Casey, Riley
- 11 Cox, Baylor
- 12 Dewbre, Aletha
- 13 Donaghue, Katelyn
- 14 Faulkner, Brenda
- 15 Faulkner, Hannah
- 16 Faulkner, Keith
- 17 Faulkner, Trey
- 18 Flatt, Becky
- 19 Flatt, Joshua
- 20 Gage, Keith
- 21 Guilliams, Dakota
- 22 Hickey, Christen
- 23 Kimbler, Levi
- 24 Kinnaird, Beth Anne
- 25 Kinnaird, Jack
- 26 Lane, Carrie
- 27 Kreutzer, Emma
- 28 McCandless, Madison
- 29 McCandless, Will
- 30 Mecoy, Charles
- 31 Mecoy, Don
- 32 Mecoy, Mishelleen
- 33 Mecoy, William
- 34 Moore, Jacob
- 35 Moore, Linda
- 36 Olson, Claire
- 37 Parker, Joel
- 38 Parker, Sarah
- 39 Pettit, Phillip
- 40 Reed, Melissa
- 41 Reitz, Lauren
- 42 Reitz, Ruthanne
- 43 Shively, Matthew
- 44 Williams, Daniel

FLIGHT # 3 and BUS # 3

27 DEC
American Airlines Flight 36
Departs Dallas-Ft. Worth @ 5:50 p.m.
Arrives Madrid, Spain @ 10:00 a.m. (Dec 28)
28 DEC
Iberia Airlines Flight 3608
Departs Madrid @ 11:50 a.m.
Arrives Fiumicino (Rome) @ 2:10 p.m.

31 DEC
Alitalia Flight 206
Departs Fiumicino @ 7:55 p.m.
Arrives London Heathrow @ 9:45 p.m.

04 JAN
American Airlines Flight 47
Departs London Heathrow @ 1:15
Arrives Chicago O’Hare @ 4:05 p.m.

American Airlines Flight 2357
Departs Chicago O’Hare @ 8:50 p.m.
Arrives DFW @ 11:20 p.m.

- 1 Heitz, Andrew
- 2 Heitz, Tara
- 3 Bahm, Baylee
- 4 Bahm, Brandy
- 5 Bell, Ethan
- 6 Clancy, Taylor
- 7 Cunningham, Lenli
- 8 Dewey, Katrina
- 9 Dewey, Kelly
- 10 Frazier, Mathew
- 11 Gibson, Chelsey
- 12 Gilligan, Marge
- 13 Gilligan, Marty
- 14 Goin, David
- 15 Hirsch, Karl
- 16 Hirsch, Katy
- 17 Hirsch, M.G.
- 18 Hirsch, Mary
- 19 Jackson, Samuel
- 20 Jackson, Sherri
- 21 Jirousek, Olivia
- 22 Kerbo, Zac
- 23 Kersgieter, Katie
- 24 Meek, Tori D
- 25 Morford, Jason
- 26 Mueggenborg, Megan
- 27 Palmer, Robbie
- 28 Reeves, Dale
- 29 Shin, Robinson
- 30 Snider, Stephen
- 31 Stout, Hanna
- 32 Stout, Jane
- 33 White, Elliott
- 34 Wilcox, Josh
- 35 Wilcox, Lydia
- 36 Wilcox, Scott
- 37 Wilcox, Kimberly
- 38 Wu, Donald

ROOMING ASSIGNMENTS

w/ Assigned Chaperones

_____ ACUNA, Michelle ACUNA, Fernando	_____ (Wilcox, S) DEWEY, Katrina WILCOX, Lydia	_____ BARNUM, Charlene BARNUM, Royce
_____ ACUNA, Brookelyn DEWBRE-KING, Aletha	_____ DEWEY, Kelly STOUT, Jane	_____ LOCKARD, Ailene LOCKARD, Kenneth
_____ (Acuna) ACUNA, Allison BINGHAM, Rebecca	_____ (Stout) BAHM, Baylee GIBSON, Chelsey STOUT, Hanna	_____ COLEMAN, Rebecca COLEMAN, Raquel
_____ DEMUTH, Kellie DEMUTH, Tom	_____ BAHM, Brandy MORFORD, Jason	_____ COLEMAN, Ronnie COLEMAN, Royce
_____ (Demuth, T) DEMUTH, Paden DEMUTH, Pali	_____ MOORE, Linda REITZ, Ruthanne	_____ KELLEY, Billie KELLEY, Carol
_____ (Demuth, T) BARRETT, Alice WILTZ, Ashley	_____ (Reitz, R.) OLSON, Claire REITZ, Lauren	_____ MOGILKA, Henry MOGILKA, Susan
_____ (Demuth, T) LANE, Carrie NOLEN, Andrea	_____ FAULKNER, Brenda FAULKNER, Keith FAULKNER, Hannah	_____ (Mogilka, H) MOGILKA, Kelley MOGILKA, Monique
_____ HIRSCH, Karl HIRSCH, Mary HIRSCH, Katy	_____ (Faulkner, K) COX, Baylor FAULKNER, Trey FLATT, Joshua	_____ MECOY, Don MECOY, Mishelleen
_____ (Hirsch, K) HIRSCH, MG JIROUSEK, Olivia	_____ (Faulkner, K) CLANCY, Taylor MUEGGENBORG, Megan	_____ (Mecoy, D) MECOY, Charles MECOY, William
_____ WILCOX, Kimberly WILCOX, Scott WILCOX, Joshua	_____ FLATT, Becky BARNUM, Rachelle	_____ (Mecoy, D) KINNAIRD, Jack PETTIT, Phillip

ROOMING ASSIGNMENTS

w/ Assigned Chaperones

_____ Mecoy, D) HICKEY, Christen KINNAIRD, Beth Anne	_____ SHIVELY, Matthew SHIVELY, Tom	_____ (Lowery, M) GAGE, Keith GUILLIAMS, Dakota
_____ AUSTIN, Kelley CASEY, Melissa	_____ McCANDLESS, Madison McCANDLESS, William	_____ (Heitz, A) CUNNINGHAM, Lenli DONAGHUE, Katelyn
_____ (Casey, M) CASEY, Riley KIMBLER, Levi	_____ JACKSON, Sherri JACKSON, Samuel	_____ PARKER, Joel PARKER, Sarah
_____ (Austin, K) AUSTIN, Taylor WILLIAMS, Daniel	_____ ALDRIDGE, Ian ANCIK, Steven	_____ (Heitz, A) KERSGIETER, Katie MEEK, Tori
_____ COURTNEY, Rebecca GILLIGAN, Marge	_____ (Ancik, S) ANCIK, Jenny RIGGS, Sara	_____ HEITZ, Andy HEITZ, Tara
_____ (Gilligan) GILLIGAN, Marty MOORE, Jacob	_____ (Ancik, S) BAKER, Rebecca TRIPPLETT, Micaiah	_____ BUTLER, Walletha
_____ (Courtney, R) COURTNEY, Aaron SHIN, Robinson	_____ (Courtney, R) SNIDER, Stephen WHITE, Elliott WU, Donny	_____ PICKETT, Veronica
_____ SHIPMAN, Keith SHIPMAN, Rogene	_____ (Heitz, A) BELL, Ethan PALMER, Robert	_____ GOIN, David
_____ JACKSON, Chris JACKSON, Diane	_____ (Lowery, M) NOLEN, Grant SUPPIAH, Raj	_____ LOWERY, Mike
_____ (Jackson, D) DRAKES, Erica JACKSON, Geena REN, Jenny	_____ PECORARO, Elizabeth PECORARO, Gerald PECORARO, Janet	
_____ KREUTZER, Anne KREUTZER, Emma REED, Melissa	_____ (Lowery, M) FRAZIER, Mathew KERBO, Zac REEVES, Dale	

ROOM TYPES

10...Triple (3)..... 30
47...Double (2)..... 94
4...Single (1)..... 4

VATICAN CITY

Vatican city (Citta del Vaticano), the papal residence, was built over the tomb of Saint Peter. The Vatican's position as a sovereign state within a state was guaranteed by the Lateran Treaty of 1929, marked by the building of a new road, the Via della Conciliazione. This leads from huge St Peter's basilica to Castel Sant' Angelo, a monument to a far grimmer past.

Vatican is the smallest state in the world, based in Rome in Italy.

Inside the Vatican city we can find 11 Vatican Museums with the restored Michelangelo's Sistine Chapel, and Vatican Gardens, an enchanted place, a system of large and small gardens, fountain, fish pool and enclosure for rabbits. They date back to medieval times when vineyards and orchards extended to the north of the Apostolic Palace.

More than a thousand residents are responsible for the smooth, day-to-day running of this nerve centre of official Christianity, with of course the Pope at its head, all guarded by the Swiss guard.

SISTINE CHAPEL

Sistine Chapel is the best-known chapel in the Apostolic Palace, the official residence of the Pope in Vatican City. It is famous for its architecture and its decoration that was frescoed throughout by Renaissance artists including Michelangelo, Sandro Botticelli, Pietro Perugino, Pinturicchio and others. Under the patronage of Pope Julius II, Michelangelo painted 1,100 m² (12,000 sq ft) of the chapel ceiling between 1508 and 1512. He resented the commission, and believed his work only served the Pope's need for grandeur. However, today the ceiling, and especially *The Last Judgment* (1535–1541), is widely believed to be Michelangelo's crowning achievement in painting

One of the primary functions of the Sistine Chapel is as a venue for the election of each successive pope in a conclave of the College of Cardinals. On the occasion of a conclave, a chimney is installed in the roof of the chapel, from which smoke arises as a signal. If white smoke appears, created by burning the ballots of the election, a new Pope has been elected. If a candidate receives less than a two-thirds majority, the cardinals send up black smoke—created by burning the ballots along with wet straw and chemical additives—it means that no successful election has yet occurred.

SAINT PETER'S BASILICA

Basilica Papale di San Pietro in Vaticano and commonly known as Saint Peter's Basilica, is a Late Renaissance church located within the Vatican City. Saint Peter's Basilica has the largest interior of any Christian church in the world. While it is neither the official mother church of the Roman Catholic Church nor the cathedral of the Pope as Bishop of Rome, Saint Peter's is regarded as one of the holiest Catholic sites. It has been described as "holding a unique position in the Christian world" and as "the greatest of all churches of Christendom".

In Roman Catholic tradition, the basilica is the burial site of its namesake Saint Peter, who was one of the twelve apostles of Jesus and, according to tradition, the first Bishop of Rome and therefore first in the line of the papal succession. Tradition and some historical evidence hold that Saint Peter's tomb is directly below the altar of the basilica

The basilica is cruciform in shape, with an elongated nave in the Latin cross form but the early designs were for a centrally planned structure and this is still in evidence in the architecture. The central space is dominated both externally and internally by one of the largest domes in the world. The entrance is through a narthex, or entrance hall, which stretches across the building. One of the decorated bronze doors leading from the narthex is the Holy Door, only opened in Holy Years.

The entire interior of St Peter's is lavishly decorated with marble, reliefs, architectural sculpture and gilding. The basilica contains a large number of tombs of popes and other notable people, many of which are considered outstanding artworks. There are also a number of sculptures in niches and chapels, including Michelangelo's *Pieta*. The central feature is a baldachin, or canopy over the Papal Altar, designed by Gianlorenzo Bernini. The sanctuary culminates in a sculptural ensemble, also by Bernini, and containing the symbolic *Chair of St Peter*.



Audibly Good Guides

To make your stay in London even more exciting we've commissioned a whole host of fascinating and entertaining audio-guides to London, just for you! You'll find them in your itineraries.

They're just like gallery or museum audio-guides – but out on the street and a lot more fun – and they're yours to keep!

Specially crafted for us by a professional company of audio-guide experts, these walks are delivered on our specially branded, ready-to-go MP3 players. All you need to do is press play and start walking!

Each walk takes around two hours, except for our interactive 'Guide and Seek Treasure Trail' which takes about three hours.

Everyone will receive an MP3 player loaded with at least 5 audio-guides – a minimum of 12 hours activity.

Walk 1 Parade Route Guide

This takes you along the magnificent New Year's Day procession route. Discover where you'll be marching, what you'll be passing, who will be watching and where the crowds will be cheering from.

Walk 2 Princes, Palaces and Power – Political Power, Princely Palaces

Walk shoulder to shoulder with over 1000 years of Royalty. Sites include: Palace of Westminster, Prince William's London house and possibly the Changing of the Guard at Buckingham Palace. The guard change takes place at 11.15am on the 27th, 29th and 31st December and the 2nd January.

Walk 3 Art-rageous London! Lights, the lights, it's theatreland!

Starting in glittering Covent Garden, we take in the world's most haunted theatres and talk to the stars as we explore the very heart of London's world famous theatreland and much, much more.

Walk 4 UK-USA-250, 250 years of transatlantic friendship

This walk celebrates over 250 remarkable years of an unbreakable Transatlantic friendship. Sites include: Jimi Hendrix House, the famous Christmas Windows of Selfridges Store and the beautiful 9/11 Memorial.

Walk 5 Guide & Seek An interactive Treasure Trail through the History,

Mystery, Music and Movies of London Town!

Our specially commissioned interactive audio Treasure Trail. All you need is a pen and the Map Sheet (provided) to unravel the secret trail and find the hidden clues. You'll find *Beatles* hidden near *Rolling Stones*, you'll be almost *Legally Blonde* after you've met a *Phantom* – the rest is up to you!

Walk 6 The Glory of Rome

Special tour through, around and into the marvel that is the Flavian Amphitheatre, known to us as the Colosseum. Built around 70 AD, it was the largest amphitheatre built in the Roman Empire, capable of seating 80,000 spectators.

It witnessed many spectacular gladiatorial combats paid for by the Emperors of Rome to appease the local population.

A short walk from the Coliseum is the Forum, the centre of the City around which ancient Rome developed, in which commerce, business and the administration of justice took place.

It is the most important archaeological area in Rome and extends from the Capitol Hill to the Palatine. During your guided walk you will be asked to imagine all of the magnificent buildings that once stood here when the City was the centre of the civilized world.